

Reference points

fish5109pa Principles of utilization: The precautionary approach

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Background to Reference Points

Reference points are designed to give indications of appropriate fishing mortality or biomass levels, whether target values or values to be avoided.

	Double danger: Overfished and overfishing	Overfishing and danged of overfished	Overfishing
F-Limit RP			
	Danger of overfishing and overfished	Danger of overfishing and of overfished	Danger of overfishing
F-Prec. RP			
	Overfished		Acceptable region, in accordance with PA
		B-Limit RP	B-Prec. RP

Figure : Role of limit reference points (Limit RP) and precautionary reference points (Prec. RP) in relation to over fishing.

Types of Reference Points

3 major types of reference points:

- Limit reference points
- Precautionary reference points
- Target reference points

Statistical Background to Reference Points

Reference points are calculated based off of:

- size of fish caught
- natural mortality rate (M)
- total mortality rate (Z)
- recruitment (R)
- economic considerations

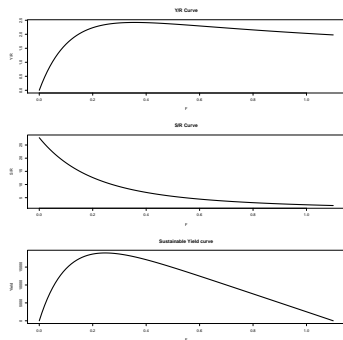


Figure : Yield per recruit curve (Y/R Curve), stock per recruit curve (S/R Curve), and sustainability yield curve from simulated data.

Limit reference points

The most common limit reference point is F_{crash} :

F_{crash} = fishing mortality corresponding to stock collapse

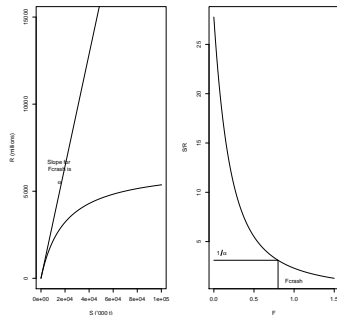


Figure : Simulated stock-recruitment curve with the replacement live for F_{crash} .

Precautionary reference points

Precautionary reference points are set to ensure that annual fishing mortality should, on average, not exceed F_{PA} .

$$F_{PA} = F_{lim} \times e^{(-1.645 \times \sigma)}$$

	Double danger: Overfished and overfishing	Overfishing and danged of overfished	Overfishing
F_{lim}			
	Danger of overfishing and overfished	Danger of overfishing and of overfished	Danger of overfishing
F_{pa}			
	Overfished		Acceptable region, in accordance with PA
		B_{lim}	B_{pa}

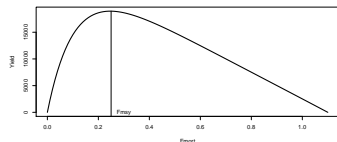
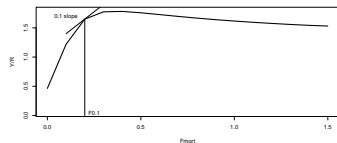
Figure : The relationship between F_{PA} and F_{lim} . If the fishing mortality associated with F_{PA} is exceeded the fish stock is in danger of being overfished.

Target Reference Points

The most common target reference points are $F_{0.1}$ and F_{MSY} :

$F_{0.1}$ = 10% of the slope of the Y/R curve at its origin

F_{MSY} = the F at which, if sustained, would result in maximum sustained yield



Reference Points in Advice

Management should choose F_{target} !

But, what if they do not?

What if management does not choose F_{PA} ?

Advice needs to be in accordance with the PA!